



APS and Medicaid Administrative Claiming

**Lessons from the Field and How It Can
Improve Your APS Program**

Welcome and Housekeeping

✓ All attendees are muted

✓ Please use Q&A for questions

POLL



Which best describes your role?

Why a Webinar on MAC?

- NAPSA, the national lead for APS programs, partnered with ADvancing States (the national lead for state units on aging). Approximately half of state APS programs are housed in state units on aging.
- APS programs are historically underfunded, this is where MAC comes in.



POLL

Do you strongly agree / agree / strongly disagree with this statement:

“Our APS program is underfunded”

Concerns regarding underfunding



Underfunding can create challenges for APS surrounding client services, staff turnover, and unserved vulnerable adults.



Intake wait times, barriers to timely report response, and inability to follow up as needed.



Insufficient training for APS staff.



Issues with supervisory review and oversight.



Recurring reports.

APS programs without funding concerns...

Even if a program is adequately funded at its present level, access to additional funds could result in creative and innovative programs and resources moving the program forward; will not meet future needs.

Obtaining “adequate” funding is often a necessity/priority, is time consuming and often results in little or no return i.e. State and federal \$, county (local municipality) budgets have competing priorities, etc.

POLL



Question

**Is your APS program currently using Medicaid
Administrative Claiming?**

End of Intro... let's dig into MAC!

We will provide you with clear information about what MAC is, how to begin the process of utilizing MAC in your APS program and provide you with ideas for how MAC is being used in 3 different APS programs.



What is MAC?



Annie Kimbrel, MA
Senior Policy Associate
ADvancing States

What is Medicaid Administrative Claiming?

- Medicaid Administrative Claiming (MAC) provides reimbursement for administrative activities that support the administration of the Medicaid state plan
- Authorized under 1903(a)(7) of the Social Security Act, federal payment is available at a rate of 50% for amounts expended by a state for the proper and efficient administration of the state plan
 - Certain administrative costs may be matched at higher rates
- Organizations that participate in MAC can include:
 - Local school districts
 - Public health departments
 - No Wrong Door (NWD) entities
 - Adult Protective Services (APS) programs

Why Pursue Medicaid Administrative Claiming?



Opportunity to increase Federal matching funds for State operations



Augment resources for functions already being performed



Strengthen collaboration and communication between APS and Medicaid



Develop clear policies and procedures that help connect APS clients with a wide range of services

MAC Basic Requirements

Costs must be “**proper and efficient**” for the state’s administration of its Medicaid state plan

Claims must come directly from Medicaid agency

State must ensure that permissible, non-federal funding sources are used to match

Administrative long-term services and supports (LTSS) costs related to multiple programs must be allocated across each program

Costs must be supported by adequate source documentation

More on the Basic Requirements

Dept. of Health and Human Services is the final arbiter of what's necessary for "proper and efficient" administration of Medicaid

Activities related to non-Medicaid programs/services are not eligible for MAC

Interagency agreement/Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) needed with Medicaid agency

Funds from another federal program or used as match for another program, e.g., Long-Term Care Ombudsman, cannot be used for MAC

States must have an approved methodology for identifying Medicaid costs – e.g., random moment time studies or 100%-time tracking

Costs must be incorporated into an approved Public Assistance Cost Allocation Plan

Overview of 6-Step Process

Step One:
State
Medicaid
Agency
Engagement

Step Two:
Identify
Permissible
Non-Federal
Matching
Funds

Step Three:
Identify
Activities
Potentially
Eligible for
Medicaid
Admin
Match

Step Four:
Identify
Costs of
Allowable
Activities

Step Five:
Establish
Contractual
Agreements

Step Six:
Secure CMS
Review and
Approval



Examples of Potential MAC Reimbursable Activities:

Medicaid Outreach

- Talking about potential Medicaid eligibility and the eligibility process

Referral, Coordination, and Monitoring of Medicaid Services

- Coordinating the delivery of Medicaid services

Facilitating Medicaid Functional and Financial Eligibility

- Assisting to gather information for the Medicaid application

Medicaid-Related Training

- Training about the Medicaid program to enhance service delivery

Potentially Claimable APS Activities

Intake and Screening

System and staffing for prompt receipt of reports of alleged adult maltreatment of beneficiaries receiving Medicaid services and the screening, prioritization and assignment of cases for follow up.

Follow-up

Information gathering to determine if maltreatment has occurred in the provision of Medicaid services, assessment of client needs to determine required services or actions necessary for an individual to be safe and remain as independent as possible.

Service Planning

Service planning with the client related to Medicaid-funded services to improve client safety, prevent maltreatment and improve quality of life and ongoing monitoring of service plan.

Training

Training activities of APS workers on Medicaid LTSS, including eligibility rules related to Medicaid benefits and health and welfare requirements included in a state's Medicaid waivers.

Medicaid Administrative Funding

50% Match

- Regular Admin
 - Activities performed on behalf of Medicaid agency

75% Match

- Enhanced Match
 - Skilled Professional Medical Personnel (SPMP)
 - Quality Improvement Organization
 - Pre-Admission Screening and Resident Review (PASRR)

Key Questions to Ask



Are benefits of match desirable enough to offset requirements & staff work?



Are there activities already occurring that would qualify?



Are existing systems & processes able to produce required documentation?



What relationships exist with Medicaid and/or need strengthening?

The Big MAC in Utah

- ☐ Know your 'why'
- ☐ Research with other states
- ☐ Relationship with Medicaid
- ☐ CMS Approval
 - ☐ Cost Allocation Plan



**Department of Health
& Human Services**

Aging & Adult Services

Establish Process

- ❑ Allowable services
- ❑ MAC methodology
 - ❑ Random time samples
 - ❑ Coded billing
- ❑ Penetration rate
 - ❑ Testing and data collection
- ❑ Results and outcomes



**Department of Health
& Human Services**

Aging & Adult Services

Adult Services

APS Medicaid Administrative Claiming: *Insights from North Carolina*



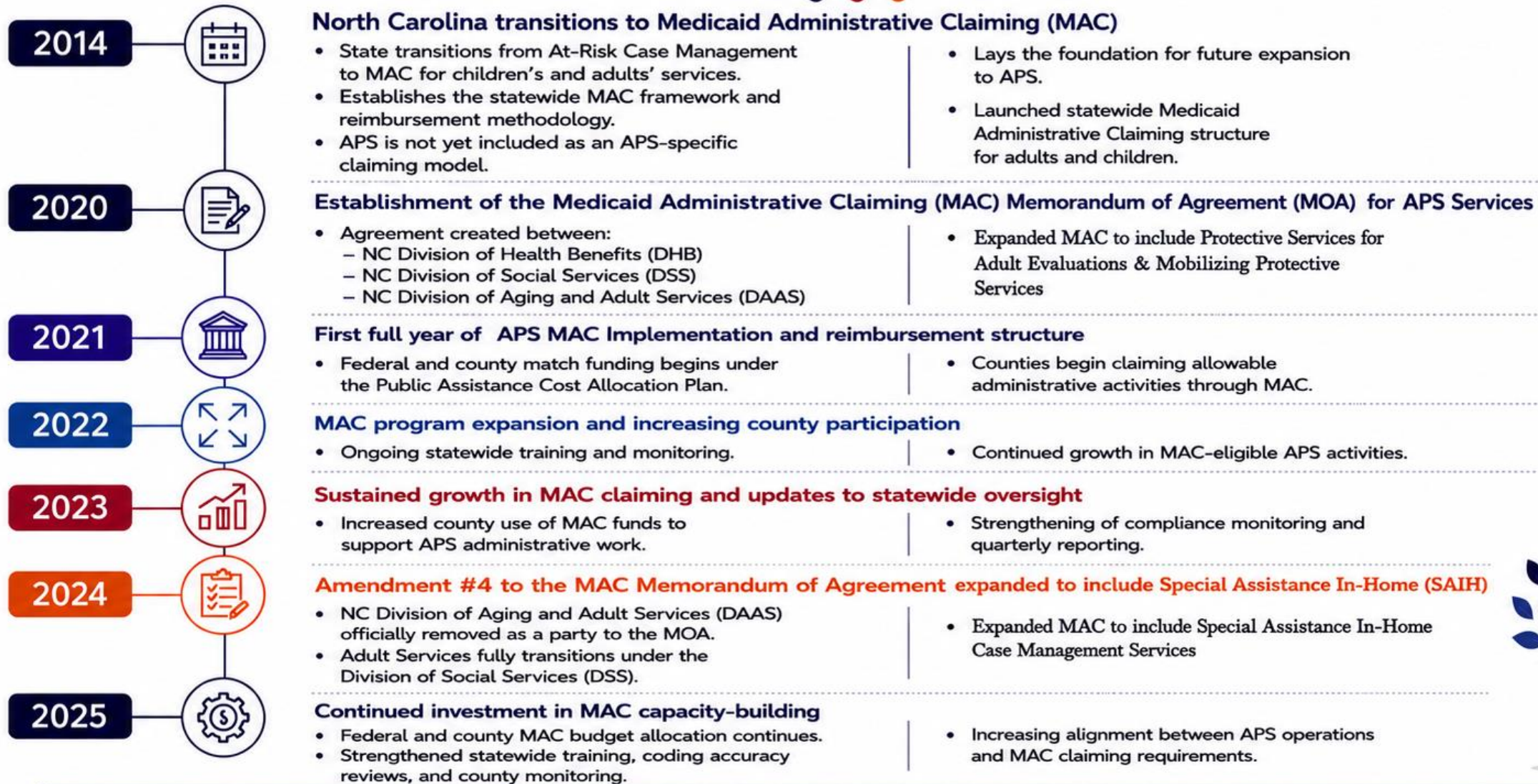
NC DEPARTMENT OF
HEALTH AND
HUMAN SERVICES

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Medicaid Administrative Claiming (MAC)

A Timeline of Progress



While North Carolina adopted Medicaid Administrative Claiming (MAC) in 2014 for children's and adults' services, Adult Protective Services (APS) did not receive a dedicated claiming structure until 2020. The APS-specific Memorandum of Agreement established a standardized statewide framework for documenting, reporting, and claiming Medicaid-allowable administrative activities, laying the foundation for today's program.

Meeting the Growing Demand

APS Demand in North Carolina Continues to Grow



APS Reports Statewide

rising from **35,400** to **38,490** (+8.73%).



APS Evaluations Completed

increase of **+2,390** in SFY 24–25.

67 counties increased APS evaluations in SFY 24–25.

How Medicaid Administrative Claiming Strengthens Adult Protective Services



Strengthens APS Capacity

Funds critical administrative tasks.



Faster Case Initiation

Reduces initiation times and speeds case processing.



Supports Retention & Reduces Burden

Helps retain staff and reduces workload.



Improves Training & Compliance

Expands training and improves coding accuracy.



Better Data & Oversight

Improves data quality, monitoring, and performance.



Supports More APS Reports

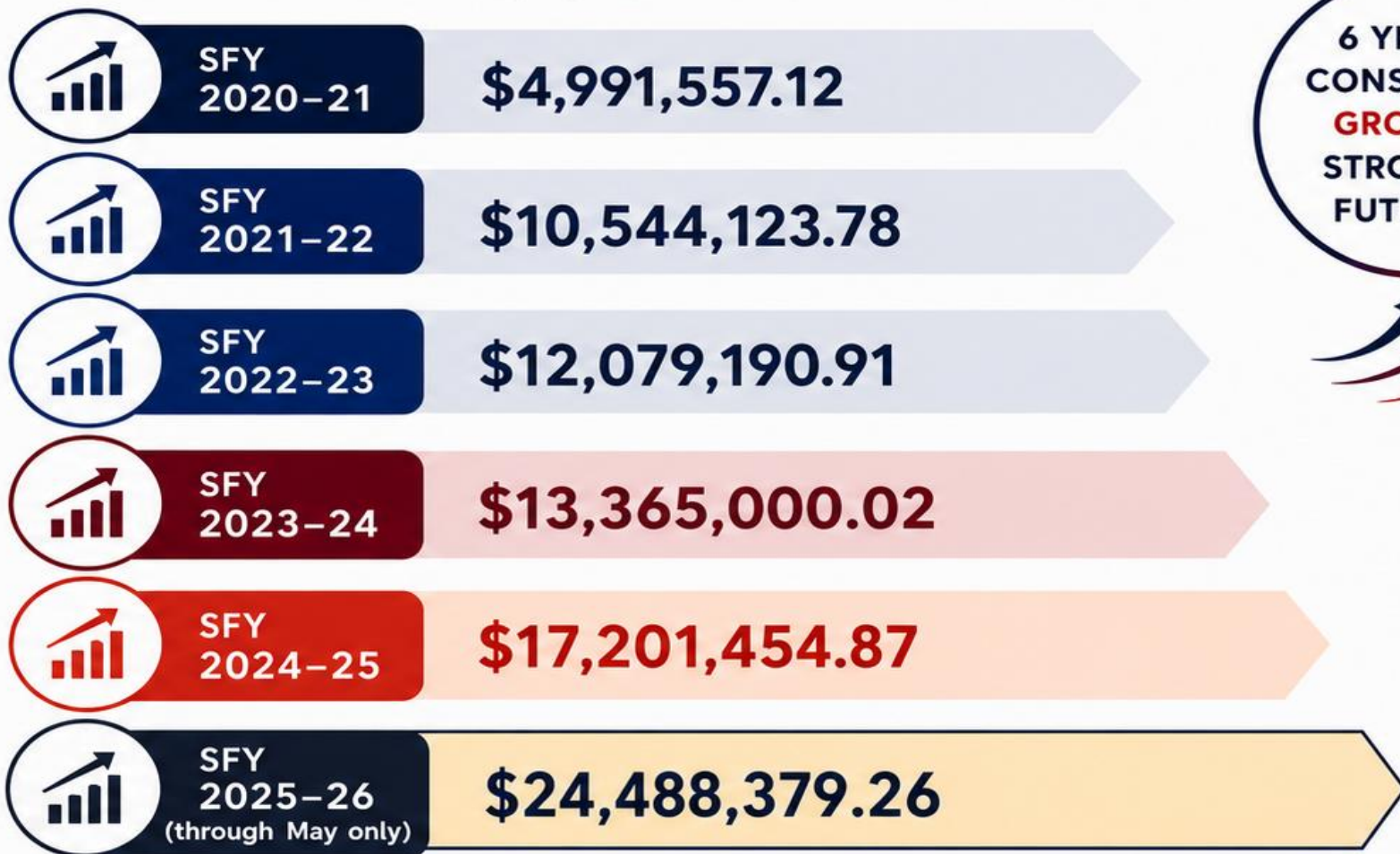
Stronger responsiveness to rising demand.

Investing in Vulnerable Adults

Resources Today. Stronger Communities Tomorrow.



**SIX YEARS OF
MAC GROWTH**



**6 YEARS.
CONSISTENT
GROWTH.
STRONGER
FUTURES.**



Thank You

We appreciate your time and attention.
We will now transition to the next presentation.





APS Medicaid Administrative Claiming

Kelly Cordell

**Director, South Carolina
Adult Advocacy**

 **DSS**
SOUTH CAROLINA
DEPARTMENT *of* SOCIAL SERVICES

Achieving Stability. Strengthening Families.



State Administered Program

Housed within the Department of
Social Services

In 2025, there were:

27,000

Reports received
concerning
vulnerable adults

in

46

Counties

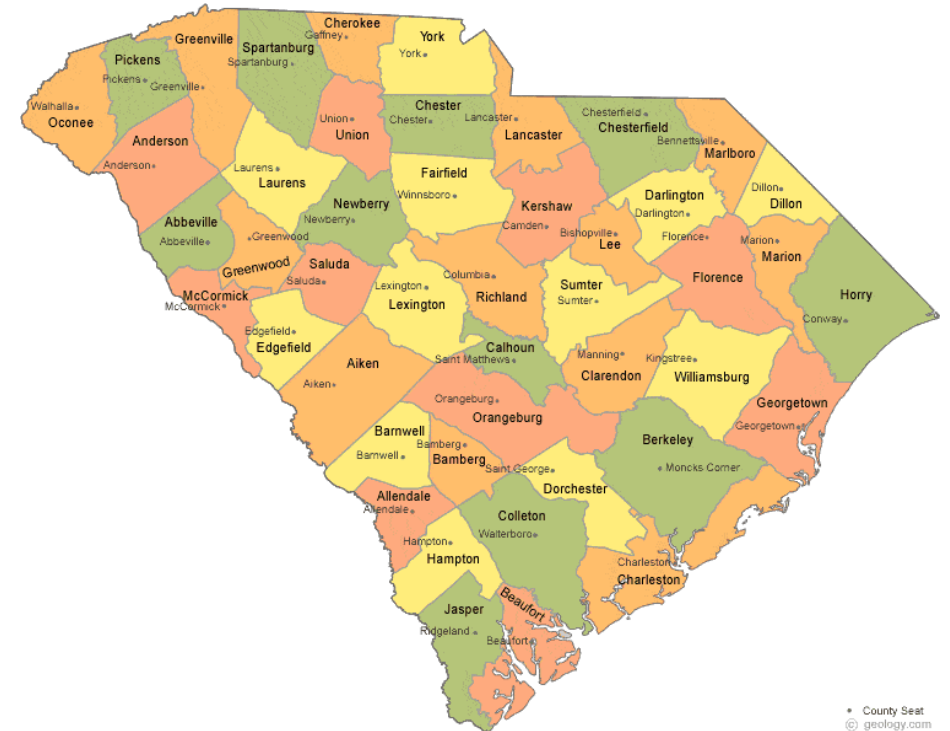
&

by

128

Cases accepted for
assessment

Case managers



• County Seat
© geology.com

Random Moment in Time (RMT) Study



Early 2024

- Adapted Child Welfare's study to fit APS
- Consulted with Public Consulting Group (PCG)



Late 2024

- Piloted RMT Study
- Consulted with North Carolina about their model



2025

- Made eligibility categories more applicable for APS
- Began statewide RMT on March 1, 2025

Obstacles

- ⊘ Staff turnover
- ⊘ Staff response Rates
- ⊘ Staff training
- ⊘ Staff have yet to see the rewards



Successes



84.9%
Compliant
after Year
1

2025

2026

87.7%
Compliant
through June
of Year 2

Next Steps



Evaluate our model to be less
cumbersome for staff



Monitor for accuracy



Research and
evaluate other
models



Thank You!

Thank you!

For questions or additional information, email:

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Info@napsa-now.org

ADvancing States

Aging@advancingstates.org

A recording of today's session and a short feedback survey
will be sent to your email, we'd appreciate your input!