Animal Abuse, Animal Hoarding and Elder Abuse: Challenges and Strategies for Adult Protective Services

National Adult Protective Services Association

Webinar – April 29, 2020





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on The Link
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WHAT IS THE NATIONAL LINK COALITION?



Phil Arkow Coordinator

National Resource Center.

Organized 2008, Portland, Maine.

4,100+ members, 50 states, 57 countries.

Informal collaboration addressing linkages, prevention and response to animal abuse, domestic violence, child maltreatment and elder abuse.

Policy, programs, awareness, & research (1,400+ citations). LINK-Letter, local coalitions, trainings.

By recognizing how human and animal violence are intertwined, violence prevention is enhanced and families and communities are safer.

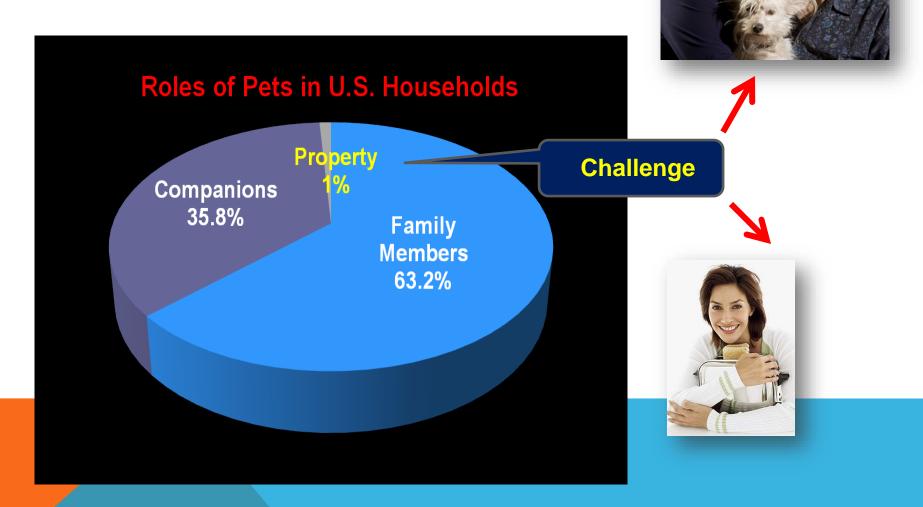


Pets -ALL IN THE FAMILY!



- More homes have pets than children.
- More money on pet food than baby food.
- More dogs than people in European countries
- More cats than dogs.
- Pet industry: 7th largest retail sector.
- Children more likely to grow up with pets than with a father.
- Ironically, seniors the cohort who might benefit most from pets' companionship and unconditional regard – are the <u>least</u> likely to own pets.

How Do Families See Their Pets?



AVMA: U.S. Pet Ownership & Demographics Sourcebook, 2012

The good news for isolated seniors....

Pets can enhance and facilitate social capital:

A "ripple effect extending beyond individual health benefits to their owners to non-pet owners and the broader community."

- -40.5% of pet owners know other people through pets.
- 75.8% walk about more frequently...
 an obesity control trick!
- 83.8% of dog walkers talk to other people.
- Pets create a community with a sense of safety.



Lisa Wood, Billie Giles-Corti, Max Bulsara & Darcy Bosch (2007): More than a furry companion: The ripple effect of companion animals on neighborhood interactions and sense of community. *Society & Animals* 15(1), 43-56.

Pets and Vulnerable Adults: The "Good Side" of the Human-Animal Bond

"A PET IS AN ISLAND OF SANITY IN WHAT APPEARS TO BE AN INSANE WORLD."











Pets and Vulnerable Adults: The "Good Side" of the Human-Animal Bond

"IT'S NOT THAT THE NURSING HOMES ARE GOING TO THE DOGS..."

"...The dogs are going to the nursing homes, and every indication is that the residents love it. Happiness really is a warm puppy!"







Pets and Vulnerable Adults: The "Good Side" of the Human-Animal Bond



"When people maintain patterns of caring, whether for a house, a garden, pets or people, they are protecting themselves against despair, against giving up. After retirement, people are urged to give up cares. It can be a lethal tradeoff. The

person who stops caring for something may have taken the first steps to the helplessness/hopelessness syndrome. And those who cope best with old age are those who continue the daily acts of caring, especially the most satisfying ones – care rendered to living things, such as pets and gardens."

Pets and the Elderly: The Good...



The Bad, and the Ugly



Animal Abuse:

It's the tip

of the

ANIMAL ABUSE



iceberg...

MALTREATMENT

ABUSE ABUSE

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE



What is the "Link" between
Animal Abuse
and other forms of
Family Violence?



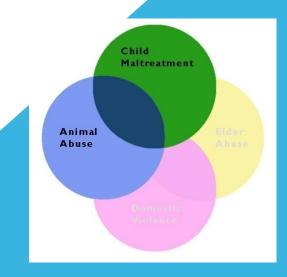
"When animals are abused, people are at risk; When people are abused, animals are at risk."

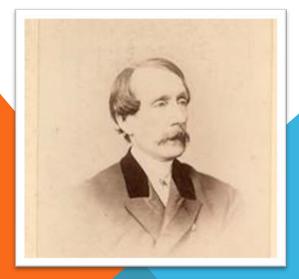
Relevance for APS:

- 1. Animal neglect may also indicate challenges in self-care and need for assistance:
 - memory loss
 - fixed/low income
 - physical frailness
 - transportation limitations
 - social isolation
 - animal hoarding
- 2. Additional eyes & ears: Animal control/protection often first on scene



Animal Abuse and Child Abuse





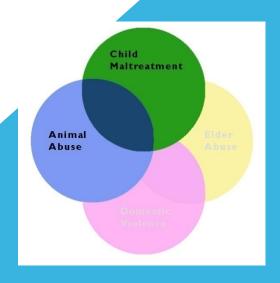
Henry Bergh, Founder American SPCA (1866)

The "Little Mary Ellen" Case (1874)





The battered-child syndrome, a clinical condition in young children who have received serious physical abuse, is a frequent cause of permanent injury or death. The syndrome should be considered in any child exhibiting evidence of fracture of any bone, subdural hematoma, failure to thrive, soft tissue swellings or skin bruising, in any child who dies suddenly, or where the degree and type of injury is at variance with the history given regarding the occurrence of the trauma. Psychiatric factors are probably of prime importance in the pathogenesis of the disorder, but knowledge of these factors is limited. Physicians have a duty and responsibility to the child to require a full evaluation of the problem and to guarantee that no expected repetition of trauma will be permitted to occur.



The Battered-Child Syndrome

C. Henry Kempe, M.D., Denver, Frederic N. Silverman, M.D., Cincinnati, Brandt F. Steele, M.D.,
William Droegemueller, M.D., and Henry K. Silver, M.D., Denver

Reprinted From The Journal of The American Medical Association July 7, 1862, Vol. 181, pp. 17-36
Gappright 1662, by American Medical Association

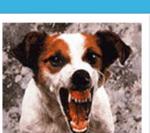
Animal Abuse and Child Abuse

- 60% of pet-owning families meeting New Jersey's criteria for child abuse or neglect also had abused or neglected pets





- Bite rate was 11x greater
- Veterinary usage similar to general population





Maltreatment

Animal Abuse

Animal Abuse and Domestic Violence



Emotional extortion – Intimidation – Retaliation



71% of shelter women: husband or boyfriend killed, harmed or threatened an animal.

32%: <u>children</u> hurt or killed animals.

87% in presence of women. 75% in presence of the children.

Animal Abuse and Domestic Violence

Batterers who also abuse pets:

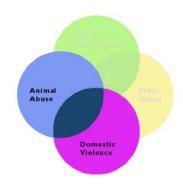
- use more forms of violence and
- are more dangerous
- ... than batterers who do not abuse pets.

History of pet abuse one of the 4 most significant risk factors of becoming a batterer.

18% - 48% of battered women do not leave abusers, fearing for their animals' safety.



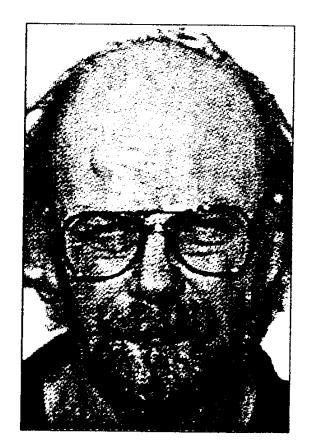
Domestic Violence and Animal Abuse: What's the Risk?



IPV suspects with histories of pet abuse are significantly more likely to have had previous violent incidents. Victims reported:

- 80% had had at least one prior unreported IPV incident
- 76% had been strangled
- 26% had been forced to have sex with the suspect
- 80% fear they will be killed by the suspect
- Lethality risk to first responders doubles.

Animal Abuse and Domestic Violence



Davis: Charged with domestic violence, he's being held on bond in the Lucas County jail.

Man who allegedly beat wife, killed kitten is held

BY ROBIN ERB

BLADE STAFF WRITER

An East Toledo man accused of killing his wife's kitten by putting it in an oven set at 500 degrees and then telling her "Your dinner's ready" appeared in court yesterday on animal cruelty and domestic violence charges.

Dennis Davis, 56, of Main Street, was ordered held in the Lucas County jail in lieu of \$8,500 bond by Judge Mary Trimboli of Toledo Municipal Court. "Just when you think they've found every way possible to manipulate someone,

somebody comes up with something new," said Sam Nugent, chief prosecutor. "This is quite brutal, quite unnerving."

"I've never had anything like this," Kevin Warner, a Toledo Humane Society investigator, said.

The case began about 3:30 p.m. Jan. 9, according to a police report filed by Roberta Davis, 41, who told officers that she is seeking a divorce from her husband.

Ms. Davis, who did not call police at the time but went to the downtown police station

See KITTEN, Page 18 ▶

Domestic Violence Responses

"Doggie Witness Protection Programs"

Off-site foster care: "Safe Havens"

600+ women's shelters: Foster referrals





On-site co-sheltering: "SAF-T" – Sheltering Animals & Families Together

160+ pet-friendly women's shelters in US, Canada,

Australia, New Zealand, the Netherlands, Spain)



www.SAFTprogram.org

Animal Abuse and Domestic Violence

A serious, understudied rural issue...

"It wasn't just the cats and dogs, it was the sheep and the chickens. I was terrified for their welfare. I knew if I were to leave, he wouldn't hesitate to kill them. He had done it before."





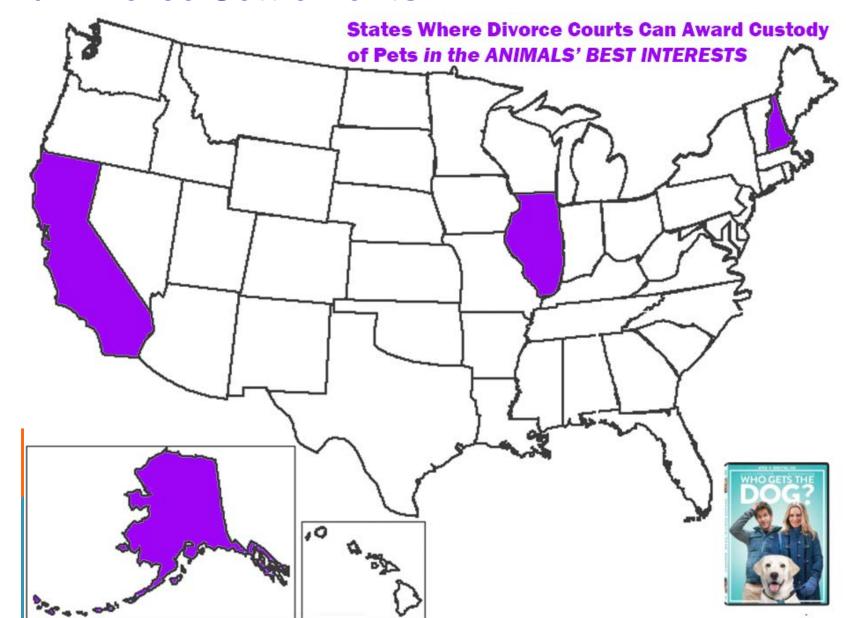
Susan Walsh, 50...

The Link Helps Resolve Ongoing Challenges: Better support for IPV survivors: Pet Protection Orders





Policy and Practice Responses: Pets and Divorce Settlements

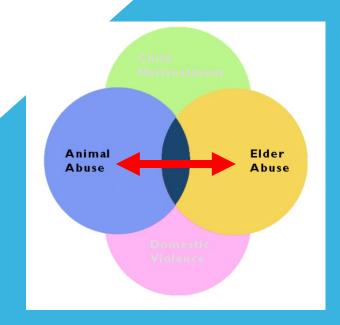


Legislative Responses Coercive Animal Abuse = Domestic Violence or Elder Abuse



Animal Abuse and APS Caseworkers

- 35%: clients talk about pets threatened, injured, killed, or denied care.
- 45%: intentional animal abuse or neglect.



- 92%: co-existing animal and self-neglect: animal neglect an important warning sign.
- 75%: clients' concern for pets' welfare affected decisions about accepting interventions or other services.

Animal Abuse and APS Caseworkers

"Her decision to go to the hospital depended on what happened to her cat. Her recovery depended on the cat's well being. So I had to find someone to care for her cat. I never thought that animal welfare would be of my job!"



-- APS caseworker, reported in Boat & Knight

From the National Link Coalition's Case Files: Animal abuse linked with elder abuse...

NY man accused of beating his father, then stealing, sexually assaulting and killing neighbor's dog...

RI man holds elderly mother's cat hostage for \$20,000 ransom...

FL man charged with killing mother's three dogs in jealous rage – believed she loved them more than him...

CA woman with starving horses charged with elder abuse when mother found covered in feces & urine...

FL investigation into dog slashed with sword uncovers brutal beatings of nursing home resident...

CA Family with autistic son catch caregiver viciously beating boy – and uncover histories of felony animal neglect and murder ...

Elders & Animals -- Issues for APS

- Pet neglect (forget to feed; overfeed; don't let out; vet care)
- 2. Self-neglect (forgo food, hospital, LTHC; eat pet food)
- 3. Attachment and pet loss (sole companion, exercise, social connection, link to loved one)
- Safety of caseworker/home health aide/homemaker
 services (litter boxes, sink, vermin; aggression)
- 5. Extortion
- 6. Jealousy over service animal
- 7. Hoarding/collecting...



Elders and Animal Hoarding

DEFINITION:

Intense emotional attachments →
 accumulates large # of
 animals.



- Fail to provide minimal standards of nutrition, sanitation & vet care.
- Fail to act on deteriorating condition of animals or environment.
- State of denial: Fail to recognize negative impact on their own health and well-being.

Elders & Animals -- Issues for APS

Animal hoarding •



- Not a harmless eccentricity, but a potentially serious problem for people, animals and the community.
- Multi-disciplinary response always required: APS, animal shelter, law enforcement, public health, fire dept., code enforcement, mental health, veterinarians.
- Animals may be dead or alive.
- Recidivism rate: 100%.

WHY DO PEOPLE HOARD ANIMALS?

Animals provide us with:

- Reward
- Acceptance
- Conflict-free relationships
- Sense of self-worth Hoarders carry to extreme

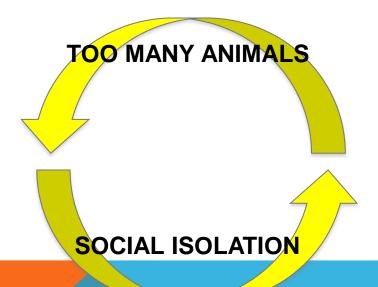


Gary Patronek, VMD Hoarding of Animals Research Consortium

"Some people who have difficulty establishing supportive interpersonal relationships or who otherwise have difficulty coping with life stressors find refuge in animals."

Animal Hoarding: A self-perpetuating cycle

- Isolation a <u>cause</u> of accumulation of animals
- Isolation a result of accumulation of animals





FOUR TYPES OF ANIMAL HOARDERS

1. Mental Illness

- 2. Overwhelmed hoarder
- 3. Rescue Hoarder

4. Exploiter Hoarders...



Types of Animal Hoarders

1. Mental Illness

Not OCD but disordered attachment from early childhood trauma & life stressors.



Psychological Disorders Identified

- **Addiction Model**
- **Schizophrenia**
- **Antisocial Personality**
- Psychopathic Personality Münchausen by Proxy
- **Agoraphobia**

- **Dementia**
- **Borderline Personality**
- **Depression**

Types of Animal Hoarders

- 2. Overwhelmed: Good intentions gone bad
 - Sincere desire but overwhelmed (word gets out as THE place to take unwanted animals).



Types of Animal Hoarders

3. Rescuers

 Deep mistrust of others: see self as only one who can help



- Anti-euthanasia
- Identity tied to animals
- May rescue specific breeds (or colors)
- May rescue hospice cases, dying animals

Types of Animal Hoarders

- 4. Exploiters: Greed or criminal intent
- Solicit \$ from public.
- Get animals to serve themselves.
- Actively pick up animals, evade law.



APS Issues in Animal Hoarding

- 9%: histories of mental health treatment.
- 14%: histories of elder abuse.
- 11%: require crisis responses.
- 47%: have dead or dying animals.
- Only 14% connected to traditional social services (e.g., Meals on Wheels, DSS).
- Physical health issues (rarely leave house; don't see MDs; zoonoses).
- Malnutrition.
- Hazardous environments (fire/ammonia hazards, non-working utilities, odor, infestations).





What To Do?

Advantages of prosecution

- Opportunity for evaluation and risk assessment.
 - Opportunity to evaluate animals.
 - Can do long-term monitoring (recommended!).
 - Court-ordered restitution of costs.
 - Limits on animal ownership.
 - Limits on animal-related employment.
 - Law-enforcement public record.
 - Makes them accountable.
 - Educates public about seriousness of the issue.

What To Do?

Disadvantages of prosecution

- Criminalizes behavior that may really be mental illness.
- Alienates public or judiciary unfamiliar with the extent of the problem.
- May not draw upon the community resources in the best position to provide long-term monitoring and solutions (e.g. mental health, adult protective services, animal care and control).
- Costly and time-consuming.

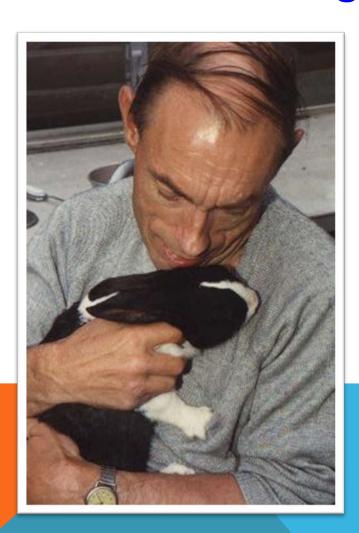
Elders and Animal Hoarding

REMEDIES AND RESPONSES

- Foster housing, vet care, euthanasia of large #s of animals, mobile clinic for spay/neuter.
- May require court order.
- Psych counseling, social services.
- Prepare for media interest.
- Allow to keep limited #.
- Frequent check-backs.



Other Issues: Humane Housing for Older People & Pets



Dilemma: elder may be forced to surrender pets when move to subsidized housing

Humane Housing for Older People & Pets

KNOW YOUR RIGHTS!

Housing & Urban-Rural Recovery Act, Sec. 227 (12 U.S.C. #1701r-1)

- disabled or 62+ can keep "common" household pets in federally-assisted housing for elderly or disabled.

 pet deposits vary on rent subsidy, capped at \$300,
 can be paid in installments



Humane Housing for Older People & Pets

KNOW YOUR RIGHTS!

State laws protect rights of elderly and disabled to keep pets in state-subsidized housing

AZ*, CA, CT, DC*, MA, MN*, NH, NJ*



(* = pet rights also guaranteed in private housing)

1. Ask questions in intakes, interviews, assessments, :

- Clients more likely to talk about animals than themselves
- Your concern for pet --> trust
- Does client have vet?



"Are there animals at home?"

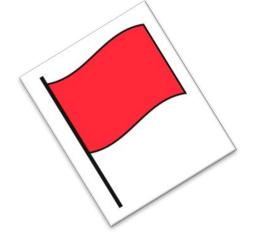
"How are they cared for?"

"Are you worried about their welfare?"

- 1. Ask questions in assessments, interviews, intakes
- "Has anyone ever hurt or threatened your pet?"
- "Are you worried about your pet's safety or health?"
- "Can you afford to care for your pet?"
- "Are you, or your home aides, able to do the physical tasks?" (change litter box, clean fish tank or bird cage, walk dog, clean yard, go to vet)
- "Is someone else available to care for pet?"
- "Are you depressed over the loss of your pet?"

2. Home Visit Assessments

- Risk reduction: Safety vs. fall
- Ask about any recent health problems or injuries
- Inadequate food/water/shelter
- How is pet being exercised?
- Pet clean-up
- Pet food but no human food
- Excess numbers of animals
- Future planning: short- or long-term hospital/skilled nursing facility
 - Who will take care of animal?
 - Can pet come to visit?





3. Planning for Transitioning with Pets

- What does client really want?
- Does new residence allow pets?
- How will pet transition?
- May be more expensive.
- Is pet a risk for client with increasing frailty?
- Build in support system and future planning ahead of time.
- Acclimate pet to new surroundings in advance.
- Change addresses on tags.



- 4. End-of-Life Planning for Client and Pets
- End-of-life wishes
- Burial/cremation considerations
- Hospice
- Alert vets to suicide potential



5. Know who to call for referrals

- Pet care services for seniors/chronic illness (Humane society, SPCA, Animal services) (surrender, adoption, Safe Havens, low-cost vet/spay-neuter, foster care while in hospital, behavior counseling, pet food banks, meals-on-wheels)
- Who 'Ya Gonna Call? <u>Abuse Busters!</u>
- Vets/vet associations/Vet schools
 - 24/7 grief/loss hotline
 - Pet loss support group
 - Veterinary Social Work
- Mobile groomers
- House-call veterinarians



- 6. Develop inter-agency relationships, MOU protocols
 - Cross-training
 - Cross-reporting
 - Join community coalitions
 - Invite SPCA/Animal Control to join APS MDTs



- 7. Identify pet-friendly rentals
 - -- Animal shelter volunteers can compile list

Identify nursing homes/assisted living centers with animal-assisted activities





8. If client is capable (physically, emotionally, mentally, financially) suggest a (low-maintenance) pet for companionship, responsibility, routine, exercise, social outreach



"Animal companions can relieve the anonymity often found in modern society, and can help build friendships. Dogs facilitate interaction among strangers and help establish trust among the newly acquainted."

-- Robins, D.M., Sanders, C.R. & Cahill, S.E. (1991).

Dogs and their People.

Journal of Contemporary Ethnography 20, 3-25.

9. Find volunteer opportunities at animal shelters





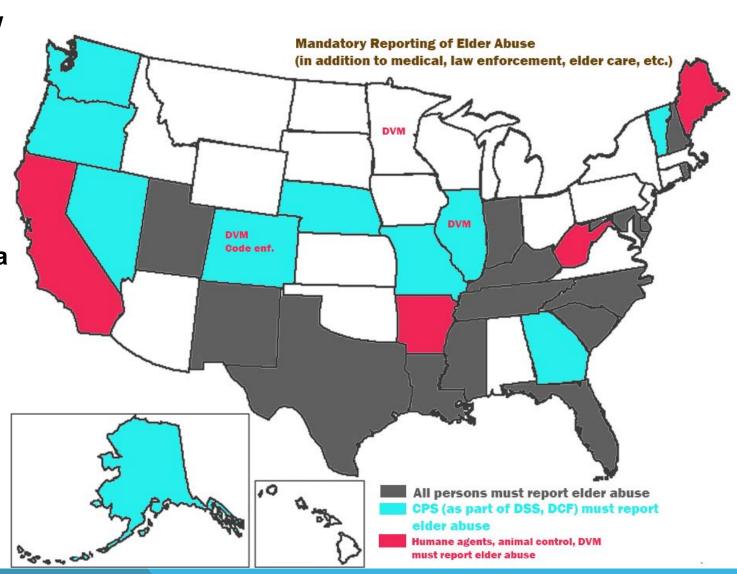




10. Legislative advocacy: Cross-reporting

APS mandated/ permitted to report animal abuse

- California
- Louisiana
- Nebraska
- Tennessee
- West Virginia



Resources

www.NationalLinkCoalition.org

Subscribe to our free LINK-Letter arkowpets@snip.net

(Please indicate which agency you're with)



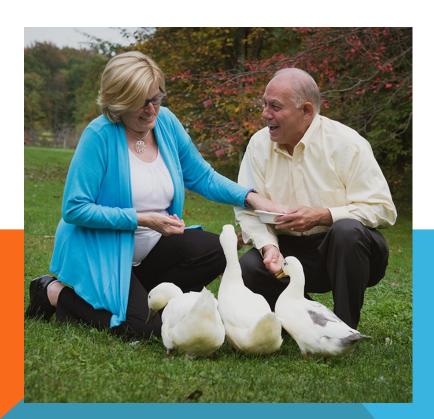
EXPLOITATION OF THE HUMAN-ANIMAL BOND: THE LINK AND ELDER JUSTICE



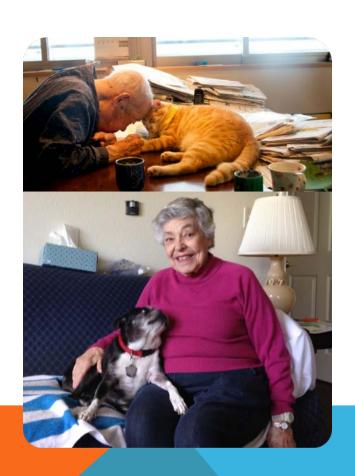


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OLDER ADULTS AND THEIR PETS



The Human-Animal Bond

Companionship

(e.g., emotional/social support and engagement)

Opportunity for nurturance

Structure

Motivator for health behaviors

EXPLOITING THE HUMAN-ANIMAL BOND

- Emotional AbusPet as proxyPhysical abuse
- Financial Exploitation
- Self-Neglect
 Animal hoarding
 Animal neglect

Emotional Abuse The Human-Animal Bond

Companionship

(e.g., emotional/social support and engagement)

Opportunity for nurturance

Structure

Motivator for health behaviors

EXPLOITING THE HUMAN-ANIMAL BOND



THE NEED FOR DATA AND RESEARCH

National Adult Protective Services Resource Center NAPSA/NCPEA Research Committee Research to Practice Brief

Research Summary

Title - Adult Protective Services and Animal Welfare: Should Animal Abuse and Neglect Be Assessed During Adult Protective Services Screening?

Authors - Terry Peak, Frank Ascione, and Jylisa Doney

Source - Journal of Elder Abuse and Neglect, 24 (1), 37-49, Jan-March 2012

Summary of Research - The purpose of this study was to survey Adult Protect Services (APS) representatives to assess how animal abuse issues are addressed in the context of elder abuse across the United States. The ultimate goal was to then take this information and develop an assessment protocol to collect information on animal welfare in cases of elderly abuse in Utah.

THE NEED FOR DATA AND RESEARCH

National Adult Protective Services Resource Center NAPSA/NCPEA Research Committee Research to Practice Brief

Research Summary

Title - Adult Protective Services and Animal Welfare: Should Animal Abuse and Neglect Be Assessed During Adult Protective Services Screening?

Authors

51% of respondents did not ask about pets

Source

Summa represer across thassessm Concerns for clients' safety:

Inability to care for the pet

Spending money on pet instead of self

Pet care in an emergency situation

THE NEED FOR DATA AND RESEARCH

Documentation
 An initial and critical step



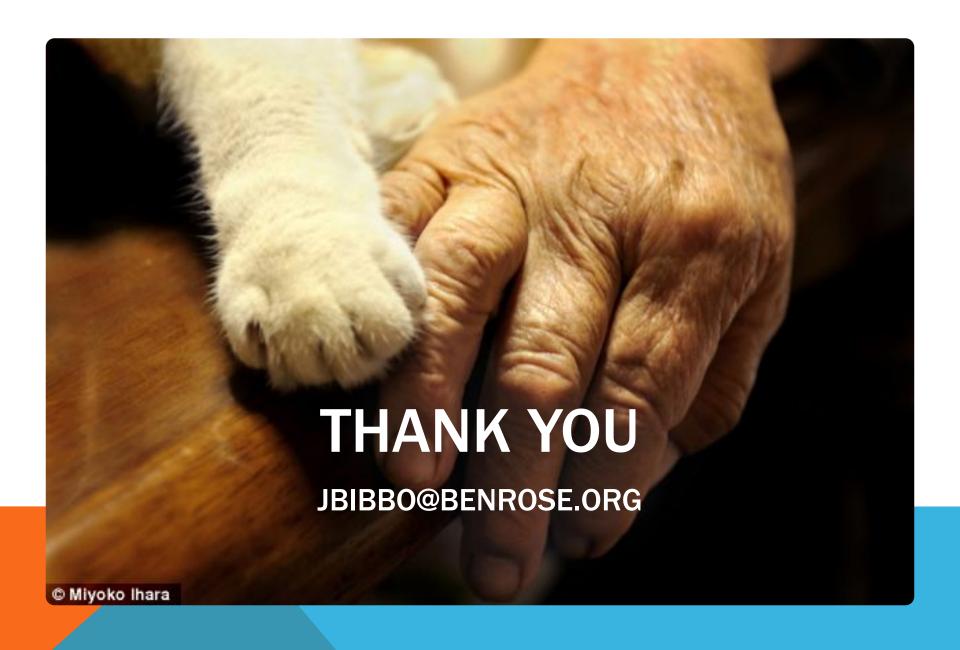
- Cross-Reporting
- Specific Types of Abuse and Neglect
- Effective Interventions

EXPLOITING THE HUMAN-ANIMAL BOND



EXPLOITING THE HUMAN-ANIMAL BOND





CHALLENGES OF ADVOCACY AND THE LINK: CROSS-REPORTING IN MASSACHUSETTS



Kara Holmquist, J.D. Massachusetts SPCA

Who are we?

- Founded in 1868 in response to animal cruelty
- Advocacy
- Law enforcement
- 2 animal hospitals (and 2 clinics at tech high schools)
- 3 animal care and adoption centers



Kindness and Care for Animals®

MSPCA and the Link

Pets in Housing: Pets allowed in elder and senior housing

Worked on early laws to allow pets in this type of housing in Mass.

Pets in Protective Orders 2012 laws to allow pets in these orders

Reporting of animal abuse/cross-reporting



- 2000—permitted veterinarians to report suspected animal cruelty.
- 2004—permitted the Department of Children and Families (DCF) employees or contractors to report animal abuse.
- 2014—required veterinarians to report animal cruelty.
- 2018—permitted the reporting of suspected animal cruelty by Elder Affairs employees and contractors.
- 2018—permitted reporting of suspected animal cruelty by investigators of the Disabled Persons Protection Commission.
- 2018—required Animal Control Officers to report suspected abuse of children, elders, and persons with disabilities.

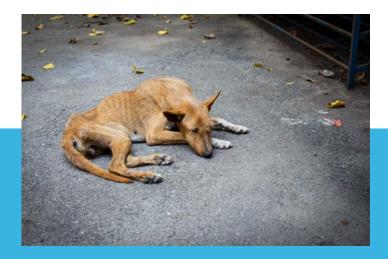
MSPCA and the Link

MSPCA/Northeastern study

In the study, a number of cruelty cases prosecuted by the MSPCA between 1975 and 1996 were reviewed. Results indicate that 70 percent of those who committed crimes against animals had also been involved in other violent, property, drug, and disorderly crimes.

The study also concluded that a person who has committed animal abuse is:

- 5 times more likely to commit violence against people
- 4 times more likely to commit property crimes
- 3 times more likely to be involved in drunken or disorderly offenses



MSPCA and the Link

SafePet program

Providing temporary housing for people leaving DV situations, fires, COVID-19/other hospitalizations, homelessness

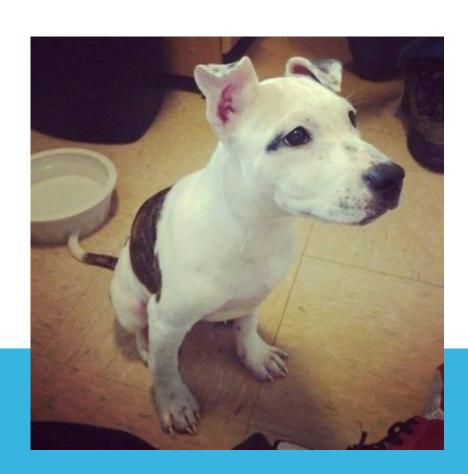
Community Outreach

We work in our communities to help with pet food, veterinary care, behavior help, etc.



Man in "Puppy Doe" case gets 8 to 10 years in prison for torturing his dog

Puppy Doe 2013



PAWS I



An Act protecting animal welfare and safety

- Increases penalties for animal abuse.
- Requires veterinarians to report suspected animal cruelty.
- Creates a task force to consider future protections for animals.

ANIMAL CRUELTY AND PROTECTION TASK FORCE

Findings and Recommendations

July 2016

- 2 years
- 106-page report
- PAWS II included most of recommendations passed into law
- Mandated reporting provisions changed in House



After PAWS II... Reporting

- Special commission created to study animal cruelty reporting provision as included in PAWS II
- Started to meet in 2018; still ongoing (slowed due to COVID-19)

There shall be a special commission to study and report on the:

feasibility and cost of mandating that employees and contractors of the department of children and families, employees and contractors of the department of elder affairs and investigators for the disabled persons protection commission report known or suspected animal cruelty, abuse and neglect, and of mandating that animal control officers report known or suspected abuse of children and elderly and disabled persons.

Serving on the Commission

- Legislators
- Division of Animal Health, Department of Agricultural Resources
- Disabled Persons Protection Commission
- Executive Office of Human Services
- Mass. Attorney General
- MSPCA-Angell
- Animal Rescue League of Boston
- Animal Control Officers Association of MA
- MA Municipal Police Coalition

PAWS II Commission issues and work

Commission discussions around reporting:

- Concerns: conflict, costs of training
- What type of intervention
- Who/how to report
- Benefits of reporting, increased intervention

Status:

Timing? Legislature working on COVID-19 issues.

Draft of report still being worked on

Thoughts:

Incremental approach was worked Training needed

Any Questions?

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