

SPEAKERS

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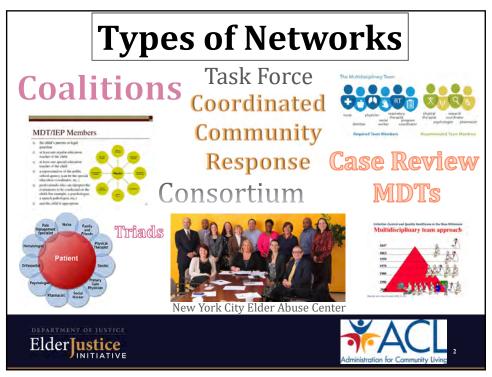
Office of Elder Justice and Adult Protective Services Administration for Community Living U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

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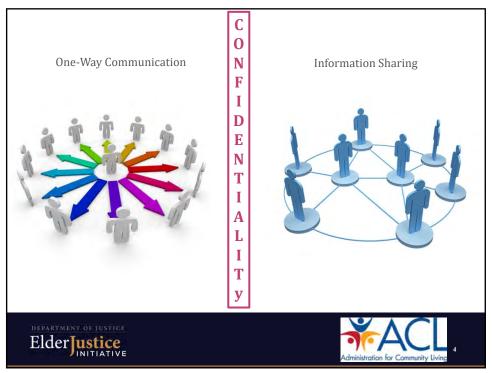
TEAM MEMBERS

Geriatricians/Healthcare Providers
Adult Protective Services (APS)
Law enforcement
Prosecutors
Sexual assault nurse examiners
Psychologists
Clinical psychologists
Mental health practitioners
Faith communities
Financial institutions
Meals on Wheels
Consumer protection agencies

Legal aid/civil attorneys
Long-term care ombudsman
Domestic violence advocates
Sexual assault advocates
Guardianship programs
Aging services organizations
Hospital discharge planner
Probation and parole
Emergency Medical Treatment
Animal advocates
Housing authority
Regulatory agencies







CONFIDENTIALITY DEFINED

- ► Social Worker Responsibility to Keep Client Information Confidential
 - Confidentiality means that information shared within a relationship will not be shared outside that relationship. The expectation is that what a client tells a social worker, the social worker will not reveal to others.
- ► Attorney's Duty of Confidentiality
 - The ethical duty of a lawyer not to affirmatively disclose information related to the representation of a client. Unlike the attorney-client privilege, the duty of confidentiality is in effect at all times, not just in the face of legal demands for client information.





WHAT IS CONFIDENTIALITY

- ▶ Philosophical Underpinning: *Trust*
- ► Purpose: Promotes Well-being of the *Individual*
- ► Confidentiality Defined
- ► Restricting information to persons belonging to a set of specifically authorized recipients (achieved) through professional silence and secure data management (Allen, 2015).

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Collaboration



Sharing information is the most visible aspect of collaborative work (Darlington, et a., 2005), the purpose of which is to obtain a holistic view of a victim so that the best possible recommendations/services can be provided (Jaffe, Dawson & Campbell, 2013).

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5 ELEMENTS OF CONFIDENTIALITY

Who is sharing the information?

Sharing information with whom?

Sharing information for what purpose?

How much information is shared?

Where is information being shared?





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The opinions, findings, and conclusions or recommendations expressed do not necessarily represent the official position or policies of the U.S. Department of Justice.



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CITATIONS

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