

## CALIFORNIA APS IDA PROJECT IDA 3.0-CA

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August 28, 2018

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## **USC IDA Team**

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- Bonnie Olsen, Ph.D.: Pl
- Theresa Sivers-Teixeira, MSPA, PA-C: Co-I
- M. Christina Penate: Project Coordinator
- Greg Stevens, PhD: Evaluator
- Yeini Guardia: Administrative Assistant

## **Collaborators:**

- Lori Delagrammatikas, California APS Program Liaison, Adult Programs Division
- Jason Karlawish, MD, University of Penn, IDA author
- NY IDA Team: Veronica LoFaso, MD Robert Abrams, MD, Pam Ansell, MSW

## **Project Goals:**

- 1. Train 150 APS workers/supervisors in California
- Spanish language version for use with native Spanish speakers
- 3. Develop evidence base for use of IDA
- Develop consistent policy and procedures to support IDA integration into APS practice in California
- 5. Develop a toolkit for national dissemination
- Increase access to professional level capacity assessments

## Who will be trained?

- California APS = 58 counties organized into 3 Regional Training Academy (RTA) areas
- 50 trainees from each RTA
- 25% Supervisors, 75% Workers
- Southern RTA: Spring 2018
- Central RTA: Winter 2019
- Northern RTA: Spring 2019

## **Training Structure**

- High ratio (5:1) Trainees: Trainers
- Training Day 1 = 8 hours including lecture and small group experiential training
- 6-week field application
- Training Day 2 = 8 hours including review of cases & small group skill building exercises

### **Current Status**

- Revised Training Manual for California
- Trained 56 in Southern RTA 38 APS workers 18 APS supervisors
- Produced 284 completed IDA's!!!
- Spanish language version in use: IDA 3.0-CA-SP

### **Lessons Learned**

- IDA form more structured
- Revised training manual to include more structured practice materials
- Instruction regarding supervision of IDA cases
- Increased focus on documentation
- More support materials to aid interview process

## **Next Steps**

- Evaluation strategy to develop the evidence base for IDA
- 2. Develop video content for training
- 3. Complete training in Central & Northern RTA = 100 additional trainees!
- Develop 1-day Capacity Assessment Training for professional level assessment in low resourced communities

## **Evaluation Strategy**

- Quality metric:
  - How well are trainees using the tool?
  - Scoring rubric: adequate=2, marginal=1, inadequate=0, Total Score range = 0-16

- Reliability:
  - Given the same evidence, do different trainees arrive at same judgement and intervention?

## Validity Measures: Randomized Control Trial

Compared to untrained APS workers, do IDA-Trained APS workers....

- 1. understand the principles of capacity?
- recognize evidence that supports judgement about client decisional ability?
- 3. offer judgments consistent with the evidence?
- 4. make consistent case management decisions?

## **Anticipated Outcomes**

- Improved professionalism in APS practice
  - Evidence based practice
  - Increased consistency in decision making
  - Consistent documentation to support decision making

- Increased focus on client-centered intervention
  - Solicits client's plan to manage risk

## **Anticipated Outcomes (cont.)**

 Greater access to professional level capacity assessments in currently lowresourced communities

 Toolkit for broader dissemination to other APS agencies/states

## **Discussion & Questions**

# Instrument for Decisional Abilities: IDA

Robert Abrams, MD

Pamela Ansel, MSW

Veronica LoFaso, MD

Weill Cornell Medicine/ NYCEAC

## Responding to a Need

- APS workers face complex cases that require balancing a client's right to self determination and ensuring their safety when they face a risk.
- APS workers need a method of assessing their client's decision-making ability
- No standardized method currently exists
- Client-centered care mandates that workers assess understanding, appreciation, and reasoning of the client before they client accepts or rejects a service to address a risk
- Previous methods of assessing decision-making ability have fallen short
- The IDA is a standardized interview tool that addresses this need



# ACED: A Possible Solution?

- ACED/SPACED: Assessment of Everyday Decision-Making
- Created to assess a disabled client's ability to function independently
- Practical and patient

   centered
- Valid and reliable
- Designed for use by health care clinicians

Lai, James and Karlowish, Jason. The American Journal of Geriatric Psychiatry. 15(2) 101-11,2007



## Partnerships: Sharing a Vision

- NYCEAC partners with New York City APS to develop a tool
- IN 2014, NYCEAC obtains Phase 1 and Phase II funding from The New York Community Trust to develop and pilot an instrument with NYC APS workers
- Multi-disciplinary, inter-agency Planning Committee of invested stakeholders assembled
- Several other tools considered for possible adaption-fell short
- Work group assembled to develop an interview tool and curriculum to train APS workers using many of the principles of the SPACED
- Interview tool piloted 2014-2016 in NYC
- Focus groups, field testing, revisions (IDA1.0,2.0)

## The IDA Team

- Robert C. Abrams, MD, Professor of Psychiatry (Geriatrics), WCM
- Pamela Ansell, MSW, project coordinator, WCM
- Paul S. Appelbaum, PhD, Ethicist, Columbia University, NYC
- Risa Breckman, MSW, Executive Director of NYCEAC
- Deborah Holt-Knight, Deputy Director, NYC APS
- Jason Karlowish, MD, Professor of Medicine, University of Penn
- Mark Lachs, MD, Professor of Medicine (Geriatrics), WCM
- Veronica Lo Faso, MD, Assoc. Professor of Medicine (Geriatrics), WCM
- Geoff Rogers, program director, Brookdale Center for Healthy Aging



### What is IDA?

- It is a way of understanding what the client is thinking
- It is a semi-structured interview for gathering information on decisional abilities of elderly APS clients at risk for neglect or abuse
- Uses a standardized framework
- IDA is a component of the comprehensive APS assessment –NOT a replacement
- It allows for documentation of the rationale for accepting refusal of services or referring for mental health evaluation
- It has no legal bearing but can be presented as evidence in court

## What is IDA Not?

- A scale that produces a numerical or dimensional score
- A legally recognized determination of capacity (done by MDs in NYS)
- A petition for guardianship
- A replacement for the overall APS investigation
- A tool to persuade clients to accept a service

## For whom do we use IDA?

Persons 60 years or older

Not severely cognitively impaired (MCI OK)

Not acutely psychotic

• Ideal for person suffering from abuse or neglect but refusing services

## The Anchor Points of IDA

Understanding on a general level

Appreciation on a personal level

 Reasoning: pros and cons of an intervention to address a risk

## Pre-IDA

#### Interview for Decisional Abilities 3.0-CA

**Pre-IDA 3.0-CA**: Complete the questions below before conducting the IDA 3.0 - CA Interview.

N		Supervisor			
ent Name	Date				
Check All the risk(s) that the client seen	ns to be f				
PERPETUATED BY OTHERS		SELF-NEGLECT			
Physical Abuse		Physical Care			
ssault/battery		Alcohol/substance abuse			
Constraint or deprivation		Disregard for personal safety			
chemical restraint		Heavy chore responsibility			
Over/under medication		Rejection of appropriate/adequate care			
Sexual Abuse		Inadequate physical care (eg: personal hygiene, food, clothing)			
Genital trauma		Health and Safety Hazards			
Sexual assault/rape		Inadequate/dangerous housing			
Inwelcomed kissing or fondling		Inappropriate/unsanitary home care			
Neglect		Isolation (social/physical)			
Abandonment		Locked in/out of home/room			
Deprivation of goods and services		Malnutrition/dehydration			
Physical isolation		Risk of suicide			
Financial Neglect		Financial Self-Neglect			
Ising funds without permission		Inability to manage finances			
hanges to financial/estate/legal ocuments without understanding		Forced from home (eviction)			
Inexplained loss of funds		Inadequate home utilities			
Misappropriation of assets		Victim of consumer fraud or scams			
hreats with intent to exploit		Financially destitute			
Psychological/Mental		Medical Care			
		Neglects medical needs			
Emotional trauma/ neglect		Neglects mental health needs			
Emotional trauma/ neglect  Undue influence (sleep deprivation, uses deception, rewards/punishment etc)					
Indue influence (sleep deprivation, uses leception, rewards/punishment etc)		Other (please describe)			
Indue influence (sleep deprivation, uses leception, rewards/punishment etc) Social Isolation/ Confinement		Other (please describe)			
Indue influence (sleep deprivation, uses		Other (please describe)			

The Interview for Decisional Abilities (IDA 3.0). Cornell University and The University of Pennsylvania © 2018. Please do not reprint outside California without permission of Weill Cornell Division of Geriatrics and Palliative Medicine and Jason Karlawish, MD, The University of Pennsylvania.



## Step 1

#### Interview for Decisional Abilities 3.0-CA

#### Step 1

Interview Instructions: Use the risk identified in the Pre-IDA 3.0-CA for steps 1, 2 and 3. Assessing Understanding of the Risk in General A. APS worker asks client's understanding that some people have the same risk that the client now confronts. One way to ask: "I'd like to discuss your thoughts about whether you think that (insert risk) can happen to others?" B. If the client understands that others can have the risk, worker asks the client to explain what could happen if the risk is not addressed. One way to ask: "Suppose someone faces (insert risk), what might happen to him/her?" Worker Judgement \*Essential Element\* Do you think the client understands the risk in general? Check 1: ☐ YES ☐ MAYBE ☐ NO → Instructions: If NO, do not complete IDA 3.0-CA and talk to your supervisor. What did the client say that brought you to this decision? Notable observations, if applicable (e.g., client's emotions, reactions, non-verbal):

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## Step 2

#### Interview for Decisional Abilities 3.0-CA

#### Step 2

Assessing Insight into the Risk on a Personal Level (Appreciation)

A. APS Worker asks the client if he/she is experience	cing this risk. One way to ask:						
"I'd like to learn more about you. Even though we may have already touched on this i our conversation, do you think you are facing (insert risk)?"							
ossible probes:							
"Can you tell me why?" or "I'd like to kno	ow more about your thoughts on this."						
Worker lue	Jaamant						
Worker Jud *Essential E							
Do you think the client has insight that he/she coul	d personally be experiencing this risk?						
Check 1: ☐ YES ☐ MAYBE ☐ NO →	Instructions: If NO, in <b>Step 3</b> , skip question A and complete only questions B and C.						
What did the client say that brought you to this dec	cision?						
Notable observations, if applicable (e.g., client's en	motions, reactions, non-verbal):						

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## Step 3

#### Interview for Decisional Abilities 3.0-CA

#### Step 3

Assessing Ability to Weigh Pros/Cons of a Plan for Addressing Risk (Reasoning)

A. APS worker asks what the client plans to do about the risk. One way to ask:  "What are your plans to address the possibility of (insert risk)?"  "How would that help address the possibility of (insert risk)?"
3. APS worker asks about a possible service to address the risk. One way to ask: "Would you consider accepting (insert plan) to address the possibility of (insert risk)?"
"Anything else you want to do about the possibility of (insert risk)?"
C. APS worker asks the client about pros and cons of either the plan or service to address the isk. One way to ask:
"What would be the advantage for you having (insert plan) to address the possibility of (insert risk)?" "What would be the disadvantage for you having (insert plan) to address the possibility
of (insert risk)?"
Worker Judgement
*Essential Element*
Does the client have the ability to weigh the pros/cons of a plan to adequately address the risk?  Check 1: YES MAYBE NO
What did the client say that brought you to this decision?
what did the cheft say that brought you to this decision?
Notable observations, if applicable (e.g., client's emotions, reactions, non-verbal):

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## Post-IDA

#### Interview for Decisional Abilities 3.0-CA

Worker Judgement	Yes	Maybe	No
Step 1: Understands			
Step 2: Insight (Appreciates)			
Step 3: Reasons			
lext Steps:  Please check all that apply: Incorporate IDA 3.0- CA with other elements of your as Discuss case with supervisor Consider referral for professional capacity assessment Other	sessment to develo	op a case managem	ent plan.

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## **IDA Training**

- 48 NYC APS workers had a two day training with the IDA team
   2014
- Didactics: terminology, concepts of ethical assessment, key points of assessing decisional ability etc.
- Role-playing: multiple opportunities to practice with peers using case studies
- Expert panel question and answer sessions
- 6 week field testing between the two training days with phone support
- Comprehensive training manual for train-the-trainer models
- Built in redundancy from day 1 to day 2
- Pre-and post testing
- Focus groups

## Lessons Learned

- Culture change
- Supervision
- Wording
- Timing/length revisions cut steps from 6 to 3
- Adapting to individual states
- Sustaining the project- training trainers

### Rewards

- More comprehensive and patient centered APS evaluations
- Standardization of documentation within agencies
- Richer discussions between workers and supervisors
- Valuable information to add when making a psychiatry referral
- Greater sense of security when at risk client's refuse services

Interest from other states!

Boston APS supervisors trained to train APS throughout the state

USC - Keck School of Medicine in process of training California APS



## Future Directions

- Revisions and refinements of the tool and training materials
- Research to validate the efficacy of the tool
- Video additions to the training manual
- Generic training manual to be used in all states

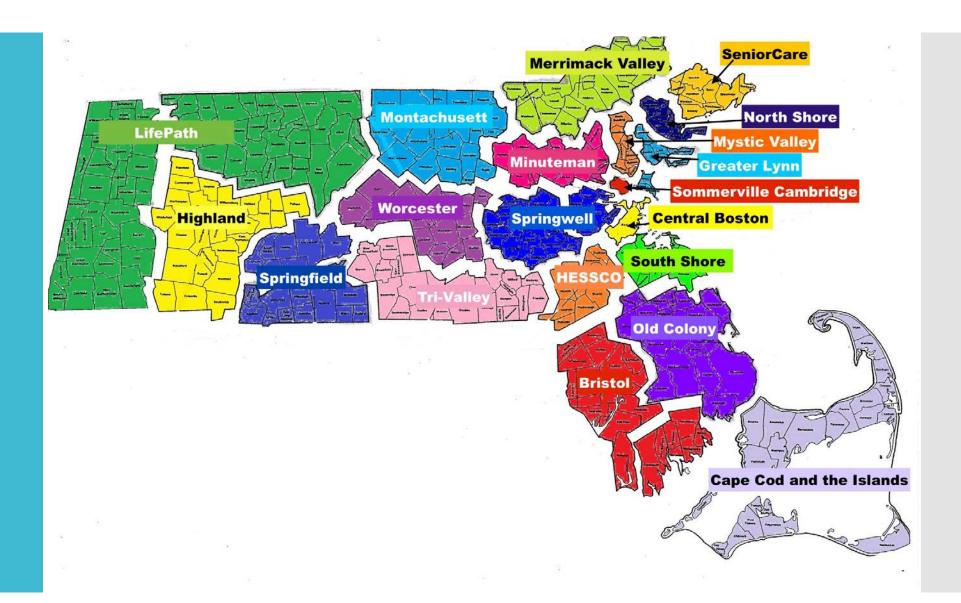
## Massachusetts

**IDA 3.0** 

## How MA Got Involved

- 68% increase in reports
- 115% increase in confirmed allegations
- 1 in 10 reports were repeated within a year
- Increase in Reports of Elder Abuse
- Major challenge for APS workforce was navigating right to refuse services
- Needed a standardized approach to assess decisional capacity

## MA Elder Protective Service Agencies



## How MA Got Involved

- Received ACL Grant in September of 2016
- Literature Review of the existing instruments led us to IDA and the team of geriatric experts at Weill Cornell Medical College
- Massachusetts collaborated with Weill Cornell in the Spring of 2017

## MA Approach

- Train the Trainer Model
- Trainers went to NYC to learn from Weill Cornell
- MA heard and learned from NYC Protective Services

## The Value

- Need for a tool that can be easily administered in the field.
- Semi-Structured Interview tool allows the workforce to tailor the tool to the elder's risks.

## **Impact**

- MA was able to implement a standardized approach to assessing decisional capacity
- Goal: to train every member of APS workforce by January 2019
- Goal: Implement statewide use of IDA by March 2019

## Lessons Learned

- Training Challenges
  - Timing of tool
  - Service planning inclination
  - Using appropriate language
- Comments from the field