

Presenter Information

Elaina Roberts, J.D. Program Attorney Stalking Resource Center/NCVC eroberts@ncvc.org (202) 467-8745 Shelly Fox, J.D.
Justice System Coordinator
NCALL
sfox@ncall.us
(608) 237-3457





59C --- NCALL 2015

Learning Objectives

- □ As a result of attending this session, participants will be able to:
 - 1) Understand stalking behavior: what stalking behavior is, why it matters, and the role of technology in aiding/abetting stalking behaviors.
 - 2) Identify stalking behaviors within the context of elder/vulnerable adult abuse, particularly with reference to domestic/sexual violence.
 - 3) Apply their understanding of stalking in elder abuse cases. Using a hypothetical fact pattern, participants will work to identify specific facts and behaviors of concern.

Overview	
□ Elder Abuse: An Overview	
□ Define stalking □ Prevalence	
□ Dynamics □ Intersection of elder abuse and stalking	
□ Implications □ Case scenario	
Resources	
SRC and MCALL, 2015	
Right Issue, Right Time: Intersection of	
Elder Abuse and Stalking	
SRC and NCALL, 2015	
The Elder Justice Roadmap	
· Inc Elder Joshee Rodalitap	
21 11 221 11	
Released in 2014 by the U.S. Department of Justice	
The Elder Justice	
resource created by the field, for the field.	

The Elder Justice Roadmap Definition of Elder Abuse

Elder abuse is:

- physical, sexual, or psychological abuse, as well as neglect, abandonment, and financial exploitation of an older person by another person or entity,
- that occurs in any setting (e.g., home, community, or facility),
- either in a relationship where there is an expectation of trust and/or when an older person is targeted based on age or disability.



SRC and NCALL, 2015

The Elder Justice Roadmap: Policy Priorities



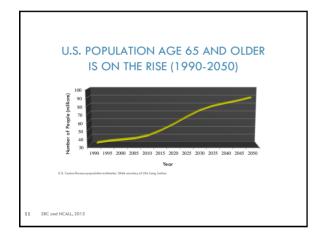
Priority 107: "Ongoing multi-disciplinary training (bringing together professionals from various disciplines) about effective approaches, collaboration, and other matters, at the local, state and national levels."

SRC and NCALL, 2015

1 in 10 community-residing older adults reported experiencing elder abuse in the past year.

Acierno, R., Hernandez, M. A., Amstadter, A. B., Resrick, H. S., Sheve, K., Muzzy, W., & Kilpatrick, D. J. (2010). The National Elder Mistreatment Sudy. Americas Journal of Public Health.





10,000 Americans
turn 65 every day.

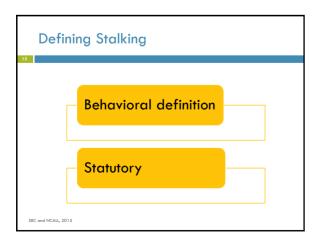
Address et al. (2019). The Notional Editor Materianness Study. Assertions Journal of Public Health.

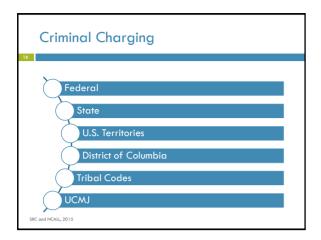
Three international studies	
found overall rates of abuse	
of people with dementia by	
their caregivers ranged from	
34 - 62%.	
NCSA (212) Research Brief. How of Bluk are People with Demential' NCSA website.	

Discussion

When you think of elder abuse what do you typically think of?
How many of you have worked with an older adult victim who has experienced stalking?

SC and MCAU, 2015





Behavioral Definition of Stalking

A pattern of behavior
directed at a specific person
that would cause a
reasonable person to feel
fear.

SRC and NCALL, 2015

Stalking

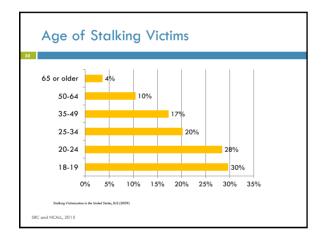
A pattern of behavior directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to feel fear.

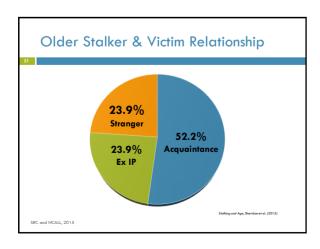
Context is critical!

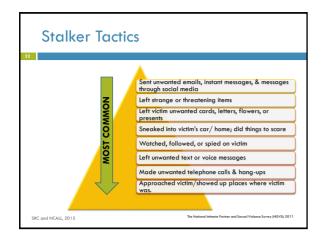
Understanding Stalking - Context

- □ Something may be frightening for the victim but not to you
- Stalking behaviors often have specific meaning that is only understood between offender & victim
- □ Stalking criminalizes otherwise non-criminal behavior

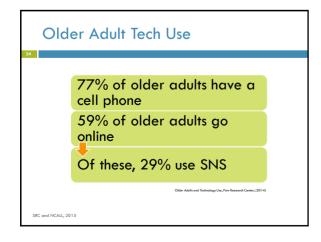
FEAR







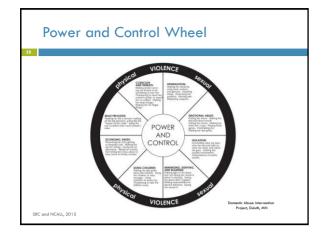
Phones – calls, messages, texts, pics, video Cameras Global Positioning Systems (GPS) Computers Social networking sites Email & IM Spyware Assistive technologies



25	Stalking and Other Crimes
SRC and NCAL	1, 2015

Intersection with Other Crimes □ Domestic violence □ Kidnapping □ Vandalism □ Sexual assault □ Wiretapping or utility □ Sexual abuse theft □ Stalking □ Burglary □ OP violations □ Theft Assault □ Identity theft □ Harassment □ Child Abuse ☐ Home invasion ☐ Hate Crimes □ Attempted murder SRC and NCALL, 2015





ALL and Domestic Violence: Similarities

- Use of threats
 - □ Isolation
 - □ Use of privilege
 - $\hfill\square$ Use of family member
 - $\hfill\Box$ Power and control in the center of the wheel
 - $\hfill\Box$ Physical and sexual abuse on the outer rim

SRC and NCALL, 2015

ALL and Domestic Violence: Differences

 ALL targets vulnerabilities and neglect opportunities unique to later life

□ Frequently committed by intimate partners, adult children, siblings and caretakers

Stalking and Domestic Violence	talking	and	Domestic	Vio	lence
--------------------------------	---------	-----	-----------------	-----	-------

31

81% of stalking victims who were stalked by an intimate partner reported that they had also been physically assaulted by that partner.

ational Violence Against Women Survey (199

SRC and NCALL, 2015

ALL and Sexual Violence: Similarities

32

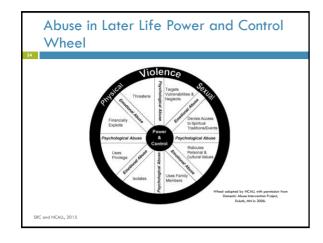
- □ Emotional impact of abuse
- □ Need for advocacy support
- Use of threats
- □ Isolation
- □ Use of privilege
- □ Denying, blaming and minimizing
- $\hfill\Box$ Power and control in the center of the wheel
- $\hfill\Box$ Physical and sexual abuse on the outer rim

SRC and NCALL, 2015

ALL and Sexual Violence: Differences

33

- □ Elder victims of sexual violence face a heightened risk of serious physical injury
- □ Forms of sexual violence can look different for older adults
- Healthcare providers and others frequently do not recognize physical symptoms of sexual abuse in older victims





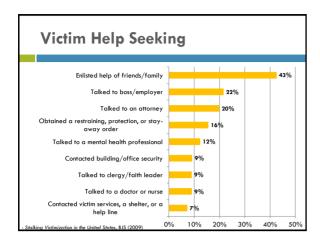
Discussion

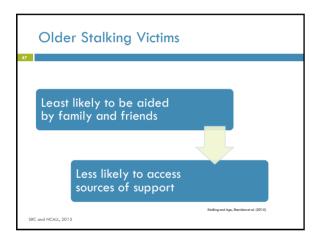
Thinking about what we just discussed, how many of you now think you have worked with an older victim of stalking?
What are some of the challenges older stalking victims may face?

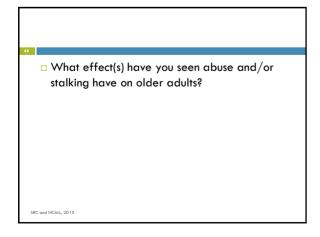
37 Offender Accountability
SRC and NCALL, 2015
Do Most Stalking Victims Report to Law
Enforcement?
38
SRC and NCALL, 2015
Demonstration to Law Factors and
Reporting to Law Enforcement
39
41% of
37% of male stalking victims
stalking victims
Stabiling Victimization in the United States, 8.15 (2009)
SRC and NCALL, 2015

Stalking is Rarely Charged	
46	
Between 5 and 16% of stalking cases are	
actually charged as	
stalking when police already have all the	
information they need	
to charge.	_
	1
Reaction to Older Stalking Victims	
4.	
77% of older victims were told	
they are overreacting	
66.7% of older victims were	
not taken seriously by the police	
Stalling and Age, Sheridase et al. (2015) SRC and NCALL, 2015	
SRL ORD WALL, 2015	<u> </u>
	•
42	
□ Are there also reasons why an older adult victim may not disclose to <u>anyone</u> the abuse	
and/or stalking?	
SRC and NCALL, 2015	

	1
Reasons For Non-Disclosure	
43	
	-
Victim is minimizing or is uncertain of the behaviors	
Victim did report to someone but had a negative response	
Victim is isolated	
SRC and NCALL, 2015	
Reasons For Non-Disclosure	
46	
Fear of loss of independence	
real of loss of independence	-
The offender is a family member,	
intimate partner, or care-taker	
Lack of understanding technology	
Edek of oliderstanding fectiliology	
SRC and NCALL, 2015	
	-
45 Victims of Stalking	
Tremms or standing	
	-
55Cd-MCIII 2015	
SRC and NCALL, 2015	







Impact of Stalking Decreased ability to □ Minimization; Self-blame perform at work or school, □ Guilt, shame or or accomplish daily tasks embarrassment □ Post-traumatic stress Frustration, Irritability, disorder (PTSD) Anger Sleep disturbances, □ Shock and confusion nightmares Fear and anxiety Sexual dysfunction Depression Fatigue Emotional numbness □ Fluctuations in weight Flashbacks □ Self-medication with □ Isolation/disconnection from alcohol/drugs other people □ Feeling on guard most of □ Difficulties with

Impact on Stalking Victims

Afraid of:

SRC and NCALL, 2015

the time - hypervigilance

- □ 46% not knowing what would happen next
- □ 30% bodily harm
- □ 29% behavior would never stop
- □ 13% harm or kidnap a child
- □ 10% loss of freedom
- 9% death
- □ 4% losing one's mind

SRC and NCALL, 2015

concentration or attention

Feeling suicidal

Elder abuse, neglect, and exploitation victims are three times more likely to die prematurely than nonabused older adults.

Implications	
 Are we recognizing stalking in older adults? Or, are we calling it elder abuse? Are there disadvantages of labeling it as elder abuse? 	
SRC and MCALL, 2015	
Documentation Log	
STALKING INCIDENT LOG	
Date Time Description of Incident Location of Incident Control Incident Officer Name (Ones A States and Press (Report 9) (Indep 4)	
Free to download at www.victimsofcrime.org/src	
SRC and NCALL, 2015	
54 Case Scenario	

Case Scenario	
□ Please take a few minutes to read the 'Case	
Scenario' fact pattern that has been placed on your table. Review the facts, then look up when you are	
finished.	
SRC and NCALL, 2015	
Cara Sanaria Challanana]
Case Scenario: Challenges	
What challenges are presented to Sylvia under this scenario? If she asked you if you thought she was	
safe, what would your response be?	
SRC and NCALL, 2015	
]
Case Scenario (Read Behind)	
Challenges Older offenders may not be perceived as dangerous	
Extensive network of family, friends, loved ones in common	
Proof/DocumentationLack of social media savvy – is 'Tim' an actual former	
classmate? Could this be a fake account that Tom is using to track Sylvia's activities?	
 Traditional options may or may not work Shelter Relocation 	
SRC and NCALL, 2015	
	<u> </u>

Case Scenario: Options

58

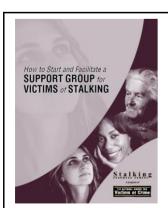
- □ What else could you do in this scenario?
 - □ What other options or resources would you provide to Sylvia?
 - □ Would you encourage Sylvia to make a police report regarding her concerns? Why or why not? If so, what details would you want her to mention? Who, if anyone, should follow up? And, if not, what next steps (if any) would you recommend to her?

SRC and NCALL, 2015

59

Resources

SRC and NCALL, 2015



Available for download at: www.ncvc.org/src



Consultation The National Clearingh

Technical Assistance and

The National Clearinghouse on Abuse in Later Life (NCALL) provides technical assistance on elder abuse and abuse in later life. Staff respond to questions by phone, email, or in person and are also available to review materials and participate on state and national advisory committees. NCALL provides information on programming, outreach, collaboration, and policy development.

Training

NCALL provides training to many audiences, including domestic violence and sexual assault programs, aging bureaus, adult protective services, health care providers, criminal and civil justice system agencies and representatives, and other legal personnel.

SRC and NCALL, 2015

OVW Abuse in Later Life Program

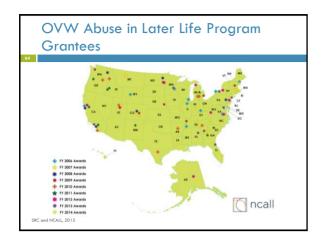
63

 $\hfill\Box$ 8 - 9 communities a year

ncall

www.ncall.us

- □ \$400,000 for 3 years
- Projects
 - $\hfill\Box$ Provide training and cross training
 - $\hfill\Box$ Create or enhance a CCR team
 - □ Develop victim services



© National Clearinghouse on Abuse in Later Life 2015

Content of this presentation may be reproduced for educational purposes with the permission of the Stalking Resource Center or the National Clearinghouse on Abuse in Later Life.

Please contact the Stalking Resource Center at src@ncvc.org or 202-467-8700/ National Clearinghouse on Abuse in Later Life at ncall@endabusewi.org or 608-237-3456 for permission.