CHEMICAL RESTRAINT: ELDER ABUSE IN LONG-TERM CARE

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MY BACKGROUND

- Master of Public Health (UC Berkeley)
- × 20 years: Silicon Valley safety consultant
- × 2010: Elder rights advocate
 - + Mom had Alzheimer's disease
 - + Advocate for other victims in California
 - + Present nationwide on personal rights issues
 - + Volunteer for CANHR

CANHR

- California Advocates for Nursing Home Reform
- Campaign to Stop Chemical Restraints
- Information on residents rights
- Resource for California and federal laws

http://www.canhr.org/

USA TODAY 9/23/2013

Use antipsychotic medications with more care, psychiatrists say

- Anti-psychotic medications should not be the first treatments doctors or patients think of when dealing with dementia in an elderly person...
- ...side effects can include confusion, sedation and hastened death.

CHEMICAL RESTRAINT

- Any drug that is used for discipline or convenience and not required to treat medical symptoms.
- There are no drugs approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration for use as chemical restraints.

CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE

Section 1418.9

Requires a physician to:

- * Obtain informed consent from the resident.
- Seek the consent of the resident to notify the resident's interested family member.

The patient has the right to refuse.

CALIFORNIA CODE OF REGULATIONS

Title 22

Patients have the right

- To be free from psychotherapeutic drugs
 - + Used for patient discipline or
 - + Staff convenience

NURSING HOME BILL OF RIGHTS

- × Federal law
- Right to be free from chemical restraints imposed for purposes of discipline or convenience and not required to treat medical symptoms

UNITED STATES CODE

Title 42

- The resident has the right to be free from any physical or chemical restraints
 - + Imposed for purposes of discipline or convenience, and
 - + Not required to treat the resident's medical symptoms.

OTHER STATES

- Arkansas limited to a specified time period or for an emergency
- Colorado limited to emergency use
- New York not be used for discipline or convenience

GROUP DISCUSSION

What are your state laws on chemical restraint?

What can APS do to enforce laws on chemical restraint?

CHEMICAL RESTRAINT

- Use of any drug for discipline or convenience
- Not required to treat medical symptoms
- Sedatives and analgesics, antipsychotics.
 - + Seroquel (quetiapine)
 - + Risperdone (risperdal)

FDA ON ANTIPSYCHOTIC DRUGS

- Increased Mortality in Geriatric Patients
- Most fatalities resulted from cardiac-related events (e.g., heart failure, sudden death) or infections (mostly pneumonia).^a 97 98
- * Atypical antipsychotics are *not* approved for the treatment of dementia-related psychosis.^a 97 98

FDA ON SEROQUEL

WARNING: INCREASED MORTALITY IN ELDERLY PATIENTS WITH DEMENTIA-RELATED PSYCHOSIS

Elderly patients with dementia-related psychosis treated with antipsychotic drugs are at an **increased risk of de**ath

Seroquel is not approved for the treatment of patients with dementia-related psychosis.



New Hampshire Public Radio 2/4/13:

- Staff said an Alzheimer's patient was potentially violent.
- Chemically restrained with Seroquel
- Patient lost the ability to walk and contracted pneumonia



× FDA Warning:

- Not approved for elderly patients with dementia-related psychosis
- Increased mortality

ADVERSE EFFECTS

- × Agitation
- Gait disturbance
- Memory impairment
- × Sedation
- Withdrawal
- Functional decline
- Increased fall risk
- Movement disorders
- Orthostatic/Postural hypotension
- × Seizure
- Increased Mortality

CASE STUDY OF MRS. H

- Taken from her home and hidden at an assisted living facility
- Instructions not to allow Mrs. H any contact with her loved ones.
- Mrs. H was isolated for over a year.
- Subject to physical and chemical restraint.
- May have been sexually abused.

CASE STUDY OF MRS. H

- Predictable agitation
- Prescribed increasing doses of Seroquel to control behavior and agitation.
- Lost memories of close family members.
- Lost the ability to walk.
- Became incontinent.
- Had several bouts of pneumonia.

INVESTIGATION OF MRS. H

- × No signs of abuse.
- No signs of overmedication.
- * Medications administered as prescribed.
- * No need for intervention.

GROUP DISCUSSION OF MRS. H

- What should APS have noticed?
- What could APS have done to help?
- How can families communicate with APS?

CASE STUDY: MEDICAL ISSUES

- Seroquel was prescribed to control behavior
 - + Never prescribed before
 - Not prescribed for a medical condition
 - + Family not contacted
- Seroquel was increased to control agitation
 - No investigation of root cause
 - + No monitoring for adverse effects
 - + Family not contacted

CASE STUDY: FACILITY ISSUES

- * Meds used for convenience of staff
- Meds administered by unlicensed personnel
- Meds concealed in food
- Side effects not reported to physician

QUESTIONS?

- How should APS respond?
- How can families request assistance?
- * What can families do to inform APS???

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